**1–12** ■ Use the given equation to find a formula for  $\frac{dP}{dt}$  in terms of *Q*, *R*,  $\frac{dQ}{dt}$ , and  $\frac{dR}{dt}$ .

- **1.** P = 6Q **2.** P = Q + 2R + 3
- **3.** P = QR **4.** P = 5QR Q
- **5.**  $P = Q^3$  **6.**  $P = 5\sqrt{R}$
- **7.**  $P = Q^2 + R^2$  **8.**  $P = Q + \frac{5}{R}$
- **9.**  $P = QR^3$  **10.**  $P = Q^2\sqrt{R}$

**11.** 
$$P = \frac{Q}{R}$$
 **12.**  $P = \frac{\sqrt{Q}}{R^3}$ 

- **13.** The radius of a cylinder is constant at 5 inches, while the height is increasing at a rate of 2 inches/sec. How quickly is the volume of the cylinder increasing?
- **14.** The base of a triangle is constant at 4 cm, while the height is increasing at a rate of 0.3 cm/sec. How quickly is the area of the triangle increasing?
- **15.** The length of a rectangle is increasing at a rate of 5 feet/min, while the width is decreasing at a rate of 3 feet/min. How quickly is the area of the rectangle changing when the length is 20 feet and the width is 10 feet? Is the area increasing or decreasing?

**16.** The magnetic flux  $\Phi$  through a loop of wire depends on the magnetic field *B* and the area *A* according to the formula

$$\Phi = AB.$$

- (a) Suppose that the area of a loop is constant at 10 cm<sup>2</sup>, while the magnetic field is increasing at a rate of 0.30 Tesla/sec. How quickly is the flux through the loop increasing?
- (b) Suppose instead that the area is increasing at a rate of 2.0 cm<sup>2</sup>/sec, while the magnetic field is increasing at a rate of 0.15 Tesla/sec. How quickly is the flux increasing when the area is 10 cm<sup>2</sup> and the magnetic field is 0.80 Tesla?
- **17.** The side length of a square is increasing at a rate of 3 cm/sec. How quickly is the area of the square increasing when the side length is 20 cm?
- **18.** The radius of a circle is increasing at a rate of 5 cm/min. How quickly is the area of the circle increasing when the radius is 30 cm?
- **19.** The radius of a sphere is increasing at a rate of 1.2 cm/hour.
  - (a) How quickly is the volume of the sphere increasing when the radius is 10 cm?
  - (b) How quickly is the surface area of the sphere increasing at that time?
- **20.** The radius of a cylinder is increasing at a rate of 2.0 cm/min, while the height is increasing at a rate of 1.5 cm/min. How quickly is the volume of the cylinder increasing when the radius is 12 cm and the height is 10 cm?

## Answers

1.  $6\frac{dQ}{dt}$  2.  $\frac{dQ}{dt} + 2\frac{dR}{dt}$  3.  $R\frac{dQ}{dt} + Q\frac{dR}{dt}$  4.  $5\left(R\frac{dQ}{dt} + Q\frac{dR}{dt}\right) - \frac{dQ}{dt}$  5.  $3Q^2\frac{dQ}{dt}$  6.  $\frac{5}{2}R^{-1/2}\frac{dR}{dt}$ 7.  $2Q\frac{dQ}{dt} + 2R\frac{dR}{dt}$  8.  $\frac{dQ}{dt} - 5R^{-2}\frac{dR}{dt}$  9.  $R^3\frac{dQ}{dt} + 3QR^2\frac{dR}{dt}$  10.  $2QR^{1/2}\frac{dQ}{dt} + \frac{1}{2}Q^2R^{-1/2}\frac{dR}{dt}$ 11.  $R^{-1}\frac{dQ}{dt} - QR^{-2}\frac{dR}{dt}$  12.  $\frac{1}{2}Q^{-1/2}R^{-3}\frac{dQ}{dt} - 3Q^{1/2}R^{-4}\frac{dR}{dt}$  13.  $50\pi$  inches<sup>3</sup>/sec 14.  $0.6 \text{ cm}^2/\text{sec}$ 15. decreasing at 10 feet<sup>3</sup>/min 16. (a) 3.0 Tesla  $\cdot$  cm<sup>2</sup>/sec (b) 3.1 Tesla  $\cdot$  cm<sup>2</sup>/sec 17.  $120 \text{ cm}^2/\text{sec}$  18.  $300\pi \text{ cm}^2/\text{min}$ 19. (a)  $480\pi \text{ cm}^3/\text{hour}$  (b)  $96\pi \text{ cm}^2/\text{hour}$  20.  $696\pi \text{ cm}^3/\text{min}$