## MATH 142: Practice Midterm 1

Show all appropriate work. Variables may represent any real number.

- 1. (a) Use integration by parts with  $dv = \cos(x) dx$  to prove the reduction formula  $\int \cos^n(x) dx = \frac{1}{n} \cos^{n-1}(x) \sin(x) + \frac{n-1}{n} \int \cos^{n-2}(x) dx.$ 
  - (b) Use your answer to part (a) to find  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos^5(x) dx$ .
- 2. Let  $f(x) = 2\cos\left[(2x x^2)\frac{\pi}{2}\right]$  and  $g(x) = 2x\cos\left[(2x x^2)\frac{\pi}{2}\right]$ . Given that  $f(x) \ge g(x)$  on [0, 1], find the area bound by f(x) and g(x) on the interval from 0 to 1.
- 3. Evaluate the following integrals:
  - (a)  $\int e^{-y} \cos y \, dy$ .
  - (b)  $\int \sqrt{x} e^{\sqrt{x}} dx$ .
  - (c)  $\int \frac{x^4 + x^3 x^2 x + 1}{x^3 x} dx.$